UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR WASHINGTON

April 8, 1935.

Memorandum for the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

Wour memorandum of February 18 raises the question, with regard to the Siouan Indians of North Carolina, whether this group can organize under the Wheeler-Howard Act to receive a constitution and charter.

Clearly, this group is not a "recognized Indian tribe now under Federal jurisdiction". Within the language of section 19 of the Wheeler-Howard Act. Neither are the members of this group residents of an Indian reservation (as of June 1, 1934). These Indians, therefore, like many other Eastern groups, can participate in the benefits of the Wheeler-Howard Act only in so far as individual members may be of one-half or more Indian blood. Such members may not only participate in the educational benefits under section 11 of the Wheeler-Howard Act and in the Indian preference rights for Indian Service employment granted by section 12 of the Wheeler-Howard Act, but may also organize under sections 16 and 17 of the Wheeler-Howard Act if the Secretary of the Interior sees fit to establish for these eligible Indians a reservation. Such a reservation might be established either through the outright purchase of land by the Secretary of the Interior, under section 5 of the Wheeler-Howard Act. or by the relinquishment to the United States of land purchased by the Indians themselves, under the same section of the Wheeler-Howard Act, or by a combination of these two methods of acquisition. A reservation having been established, those residing thereon will be entitled to adopt a constitution and bylaws and to receive a charter of incorporation. Under section 19 of the Wheeler-Howard Act the "Indians residing on one reservation" may be recognized as a "tribe" for the purposes of the Wheeler-Howard Act regardless of their previous status.

In order to attain these benefits some such plan as the following would, I think, be necessary: A group of landless Siouan Indians of one-half blood or more, recommended by the Siouan Council for their agricultural ability and industry, and approved by the Commistoner of Indian Affairs, would purchase a suitable tract of land